



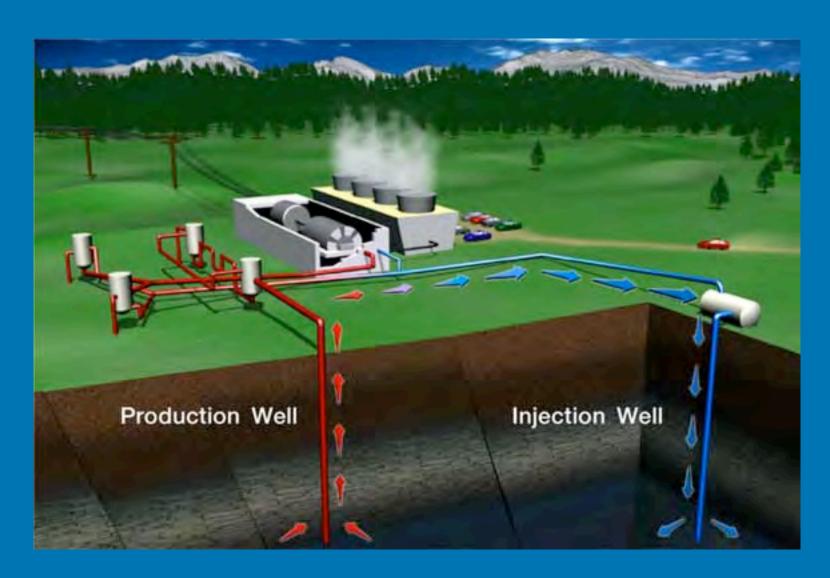
# Geothermal Resources of California: Moving from Assessments towards Development

Colin F. Williams
USGS, Menlo Park, CA

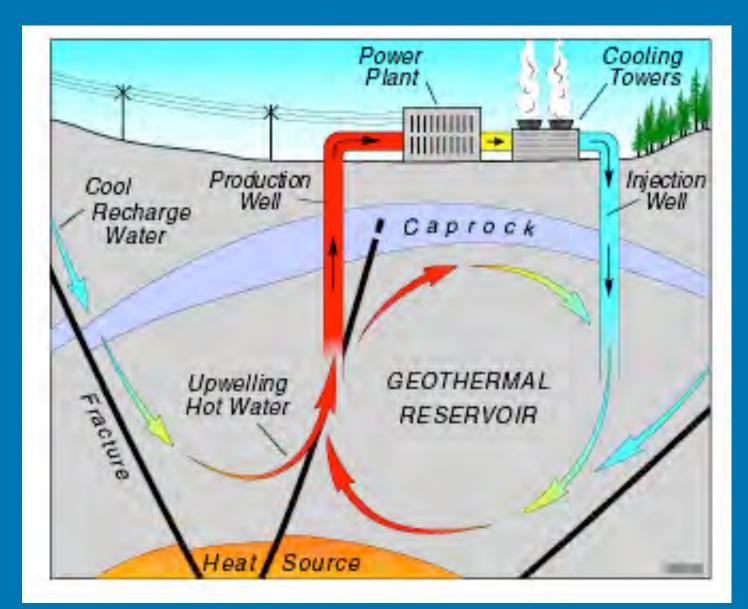
# Geothermal Resources of California: Moving from Assessments towards Development

- Sean Hagerty, Bureau of Land Management
- Jim Lovekin, GeothermEx
- Marshall Reed, US Geological Survey

#### **Idealized Geothermal Power Plant**



**Need: Heat (Temperature) and Fluid (Permeability)** 

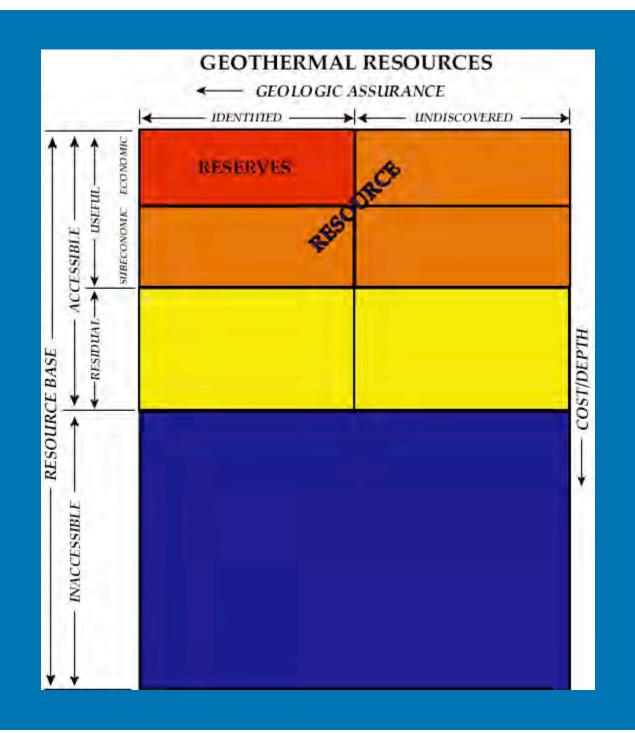


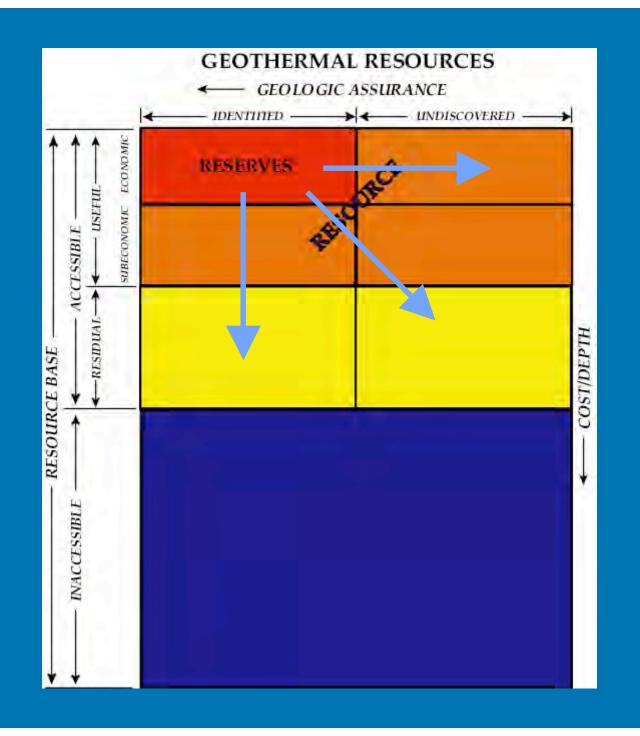
# **Some Terminology**

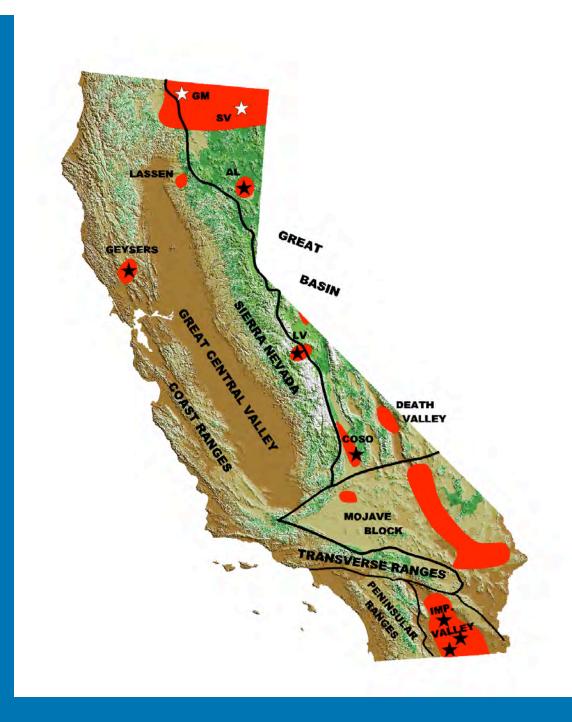
Geothermal Resources are characterized by the degree of knowledge (e.g., discovered vs. undiscovered) and economic/technological feasibility.

Resource – The portion of the resource base that can be recovered as useful heat under current and potential economic and technological conditions.

Reserve - The identified portion of the resource that can be recovered economically using existing technology.









### Status of California Geothermal

- At one point approximately 2800 MWe installed
- Currently >2000 MWe
- 1978 USGS Resource Assessment
  - 12,000 MWe in identified systems
  - >10,000 MWe in undiscovered systems
- 2004 Resource Assessment Geothermex
  - >5000 MWe in identified, conventional resources
- Largest resource in U.S., both installed and in potential development

# **Developments in Geothermal**

- emperature >200°F(95 °C) and Depth >10,000ft (3 km) for power production
- New systems discovered
- mproved techniques for characterizing reservoirs
- ncreasing use of injection to sustain production
- evelopment of Enhanced Geothermal Systems (EGS) technology
- **Tesources** of undiscovered

#### **Future Directions**

- Comprehensive Resource Assessments
  - Combine National, State and Local Information in a Single Coherent Product
- Confirmation of Resource
- Refined Land Use Plans
- Exploration
- Continuing Development of EGS Technology
- New and Unconventional Applications
  - Hydrogen
  - Local Use in Urban Areas

